Paddling In Cold Weather

Hypothermia occurs when the temperature of the body drops below 35°C (95°F). It is brought on by exposure to conditions that cause the body to loose heat faster than it can generate it.

Therefore, hypothermia can be caused by falling from your boat into cold water, or by being outside without any head-gear during the winter fall or early spring season, or by wearing wet clothes for a prolonged period of time in windy weather.

Symptoms:	Treatment:	Prevention:
1. Uncontrollable fits of shivering	1. Find shelter. Immediately!	1. Stay dry as much as possible at all times. Avoid
2. Vague, slow, slurred speech	2. Get next to heat.	splashing others and other activities that may put a
3. Memory lapses, or	3. Strip off <i>all</i> wet clothes.	person at risk.
incoherence	4. Drink only small amounts of warm (not Hot) fluids.	2. Beware of the wind. (Wear headgear, spray skirts and
4. Immobile, fumbling hands	5. Get into dry clothes	hand pogies)
 Frequent stumbling Drowsiness (to sleep is to 	immediately and a warm dry wrap such s a blanket or	3. Understand the symptoms
die.)	sleeping bag.	of hypothermia
7. Apparent exhaustion. Inability to get up after a rest.		 Hypothermia cases have occurred even in temperature ranges between 0°C and 10°C.

Cheema Spring and Fall Training Policy

Remember prevention is the best method to fight hypothermia. Therefore, to avoid exposure to hypothermia and putting paddlers, coaches and the club at risk we have some conditions for spring / fall training that must be complied with. They are as follows:

1. Paddling in groups only during cold spring / fall conditions is a must. Paddlers who go out on their own do so at their own risk.

2. Coach boats must accompany all paddlers and be no more that 200 meters away from the most distant paddlers. Paddlers must follow the shoreline and stay within 30 meters.

3. Coach boats must be on water awaiting the paddling groups prior to paddler leaving the dock area.

4. If a coach feels the paddler does not have adequate clothing or equipment (see prevention) the paddler will be asked to stay on shore and contact parent to pick them up.

I have read the above and understand the symptoms, treatment and prevention of hypothermia. As well I understand the importance of adhering to the Cheema Spring / Fall Training Policy.

Signatures:

Parent Paddler

Dated: